

Technical University Berlin Faculty II, Institute for Mathematics

WS 2025

Secretariat MA 6–2, Erik Oor Prof. Dr. Michael Joswig Marcel Wack.

1. Exercise Discrete Geometrie II

Review Discrete Geometrie I

Deadline: 22.10.2025 (before the Exercise class)

Each answer should be sufficiently proven.

1. Exercise (*f*-vectors of polytopes)

(i) The product of two polytops $P \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ and $Q \subset \mathbb{R}^e$ is

$$P \times Q = \{(v, w) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+e} \mid v \in P \cup w \in Q\}.$$

Give a formula for the f-vector of $P \times Q$.

(ii) Let $P \subset P^d$ be a polytope with 0 in the relative interior. The bipyramid B over P is the convex hull

$$B = \text{conv} (\{(v, 0) \in R^{d+1} \mid v \in P\} \cup)$$

2. Exercise (Linear program, basics)

Give solutions to the following linear programs.

(i) Let $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$,

(ii) Let $c \in \mathbb{R}^n$, $k \in \{1, \dots n\}$,

3. Exercise (Convex hull)

Prove or disprove: Given two sets $\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{Y} \in \mathbb{R}^n$, the intersection of the convex hull of X and Y is itself convex and

$$\operatorname{conv}(\mathcal{X})\cap\operatorname{conv}(\mathcal{Y})=\operatorname{conv}(\operatorname{conv}(\mathcal{X})\cap\operatorname{conv}(\mathcal{Y}))$$

4. Exercise (Linear programming, examples)

Derive the dual program for the following linear programs of the form

and calculate a solution using a graphical approach.

(i)
$$c = (2,6)^T$$
, $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $b = (9,6)^T$

(ii)
$$c = \begin{pmatrix} 4, 6 \end{pmatrix}^T$$
, $A = \begin{pmatrix} 10 & 12 \\ 2 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$, $b = \begin{pmatrix} 2, 8 \end{pmatrix}^T$

5. Exercise (Linear programming)

Consider the Maximum bipartite matching problem: Given a finite bipartite graph $G = (A \dot{\cup} B, E)$, find a set of edges $S \subseteq E$ of edges such that no pair of edges in S share a common node and the cardinality #S is maximal.

- (i) Model this as an integer linear program.
- (ii) Dualize the LP-relaxation of that problem.
- (iii) What does the optimal solution of the dual problem describe in terms of G.